

DATA SHEET

Product Name High Voltage Flat Resistors

Part Name HFR Series File No. DIP-SP-024

Uniroyal Electronics Global Co., Ltd.

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1. Scope

- 1.1 This datasheet is the characteristics of High Voltage Flat Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL.
- 1.2 Small size, Light weight
- 1.3 High stability Reliability
- 1.4 Max working voltage 10KV
- 1.5 Used in Microwave Ovens, induction Cooker, High Voltage Power supply, Laser Light control

2. Part No. System

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

2.1 These 3 digits are to indicate the product type.

Example:

HFR0=High Voltage Flat Resistor

2.2 $4^{th} \sim 6^{th}$ digits:

2.2.1 This is to indicate the wattage or power rating. the 4^{th} digit to the 6^{th} digit is to denote the significant figures of the wattage. Example:

050=0.5W 075=0.75W 100=1.0W

- 2.3 The 7th digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance. $G=\pm 2\%$ J= $\pm 5\%$ K= $\pm 10\%$
- 2.4 The 8^{th} to 11^{th} digits is to denote the Resistance Value.

2.4.1 The following number s and the letter codes are to be used to indicate the number of zeros in the 11th digit:

 $0=10^{0}$ $1=10^{1}$ $2=10^{2}$ $3=10^{3}$

- $4=10^4$ $5=10^5$ $J=10^{-1}$
- 2.5 The 12th, 13th & 14th digits.
- 2.5.1 The 12th digit is to denote the Packaging Type with the following codes:
 - B=Bulk/Box
- 2.5.2 The 13th digit is normally to indicate the Packing Quantity, This digit should be filled with "0" for the Cement products with "Bulk/Box" packing requirements.
- 2.5.3 For Network, the 14th digit alone can use to denote special features of additional information with the following codes or standard product Example:

E=For "Environmental Protection, Lead Free type" of Network Resistors.

3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: HFR 0.75W ±5% 100MΩ B/B))





4. <u>Ratings & Dimension</u>

| Туре | Max Working Voltage | Dielectric Withstanding Voltage | Resistance Range | Tolerance | Operating temperature |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| HFR 0.5W | 5KV | 500V | 1MΩ~1GΩ | ±5% | |
| HFR 0.75W | 10KV | 500V | 1MΩ~1GΩ | ±10% | -55℃~155℃ |
| HFR 1W | 10KV | 500V | 1MΩ~1GΩ | ±20% | |

5. Derating Curve

Power rating will change based on continuous load at ambient temperature from -55 to 155 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}.$

It is constant between -55 to 70 $^\circ C$, and derate to zero when temperature rise from 70 to 155 $^\circ C$.

Voltage rating:

Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line

frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula: $RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$

Remark: RCWV: Rating Continuous Working Voltage (Volt.) P: power rating (Watt) R: nominal resistance (Ω) In no case shall the rated DC or RMS AC continuous working voltage be greater than the applicable maximum value.

The overload voltage is 2.5 times RCWV or Max. Overload voltage whichever is lower.

6. <u>Structure</u>



| Туре | P±0.5 | L(MAX) | d1±0.1 | +0.5 d2 -0.2 | H (MAX) | T (MAX) | | |
|-----------|-------|--------|--------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| HFR 0.5W | 17.8 | 20.4 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 5.08 | 2.5 | | |
| HFR 0.75W | 22.9 | 25.4 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 5.08 | 2.5 | | |
| HFR 1W | 27.9 | 30.5 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 5.08 | 2.5 | | |

7. <u>Performance Specification</u>

| Characteristic | Limits | Test Methods (GB/T5729&JIS-C-5201&IEC60115-1) |
|----------------------------|------------|---|
| Temperature Coefficient | ±200PPM/°C | $\begin{array}{l} \label{eq:rescaled} 4.8 \ \text{Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade} \\ \hline R_2 \cdot R_1 \\ \hline R_1 \cdot R_2 \cdot 10^6 \ (\text{PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ \hline R_1 \cdot \text{Resistance Value at room temperature} \ (t_1) \ ; \\ \hline R_2 \cdot \text{Resistance at test temperature} \ (t_2) \\ \hline t_1 \cdot +25^{\circ}\text{C or specified room temperature} \\ \hline t_2 \cdot \text{Test temperature} \ (-55^{\circ}\text{C or } 125^{\circ}\text{C}) \end{array}$ |

| ~ | -55°C | | | 70°C | | | | | 155°C | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|------|------|----------|-------|------|------|-------|---------------|------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| 96 F | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| oad | 80 | : | | | | | | | $\overline{}$ | | | | \square |
| Percent rated load (%) | 60 | 1 | | - | - | | | + | | | | | \square |
| rat | 40 | ÷ | - | - | - | | | + | | | \leftarrow | ÷ | \square |
| ent | 20 | - | _ | <u> </u> | _ | | | + | _ | | \rightarrow | \square | \square |
| erc | 0 | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | N | |
| ۵. | -6 | 0 -4 | 0 -2 | 0 0 | 20 | 0 44 |) 60 |) 80 | 0 10 | 0 12 | 0 14 | 0 16 | 0 180 |
| | | | Am | bier | nt te | mpe | ratu | re (° | C) | | | | |



High Voltage Flat Resistors



| Terminal strength | $\Delta \mathbf{R}/\mathbf{R} \equiv (1\%+0.1\Omega)$ | 4.16 Direct load:Resistance to a 2.5 kg direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | longitudinal axis of the terminal leads. | | | | |
| Resistance to | | 4.18 Dip the resistor into a solder bath having a temperatuer of $260^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ | | | | |
| soldering heat | $\Delta \mathbf{R}/\mathbf{R} \pm (1\%+0.1\Omega)$ | and hold it for 10 ± 1 seconds. | | | | |
| Solderability | Min.95% coverage | Wave Solder: Test temperature of solder: 245 °C±3 °C, Dipping time in solder: 2-3seconds | | | | |
| Rapid change of temperature | $\Delta R/R = (1\%+0.1\Omega)$ | 4.19 30 min at -55 °C and 30 min at 155°C; 100 cycles. | | | | |
| Humidity (Steady State) | $\Delta \mathbf{R}/\mathbf{R}$ $(1.0\%+0.1\Omega)$ | 4.24Temporary resistance change after 240 hours exposure in a humidity test chamber controlled at 40 ± 2 °C and 90-95% relative humidity, | | | | |
| Load life in humidity | $\Delta R/R \equiv (3\%+0.1\Omega)$ | 7.9 Resistance change after 1,000 hours (1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF") at RCWV in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40^{\circ}C\pm2^{\circ}C$ and 90 to 95% relative humidity. | | | | |
| Load life | $\Delta R/R \equiv (3\% + 0.1\Omega)$ | 4.25.1 Permanent resistance change after 1,000 hours operating at RCWV with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF" at $70^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ ambient. | | | | |
| Insulation Resistance | ≥10,000M Ω | 4.6 Apply 100V DC between protective coating and termination for 1 Min then measure | | | | |
| Temperature $A \mathbf{D} / \mathbf{D} + \frac{1}{29} (29 / \pm 0.10)$ | | IEC 60068-2-1 (Aa) Lower limit temperature , for 2H. | | | | |
| High Temperature Exposure | $\Delta R/R \equiv (3\%+0.1\Omega)$ | MIL-STD-202 108A Upper limit temperature , for 16H. | | | | |

8. Packing



| ТҮРЕ | Quantity Per Bag (pcs) | Quantity Per Box (pcs) | Quantity Per Carton (pcs) |
|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| HFR 0.5W | 200 | 2,000 | 30,000 |
| HFR 0.75W | 150 | 1,500 | 22,500 |
| HFR 1W | 100 | 1,000 | 15,000 |

9. <u>Note</u>

9.1. UNI-ROYAL recommend products store in warehouse with temperature between 15 to 35℃ under humidity between 25 to 75%RH. Even under storage conditions recommended above, solder ability of products will be degraded stored over 1 year old.

9.2. Cartons must be placed in correct direction which indicated on carton, otherwise the reel or wire will be deformed.

9.3. Storage conditions as below are inappropriate:

- a. Stored in high electrostatic environment
 - b. Stored in direct sunshine, rain, snow or condensation.
 - c. Exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, Br etc.



High Voltage Flat Resistors



| 10. | . <u>Record</u> | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|--|------|--------------|-------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Version | Description | Page | Date | Amended by | Checked by | | | | |
| _ | 1 | First version | 1~5 | Mar.20, 2018 | Haiyan Chen | Nana Chen | | | | |
| - | 2 | Modify characteristic | 4 | Feb.20, 2019 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu | | | | |
| _ | 3 | Modify the temperature coefficient test conditions | 4 | Nov.07, 2022 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu | | | | |

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